



EUCPN
EUROPEAN CRIME PREVENTION NETWORK

1. Project title

It's not a project, it is a way how we implement situational prevention - situation prevention plans for each administrative unit.

2. Main theme

Citizens involvement in identifying latent law violations (or problems) and citizens prioritizing local law violations (or problems) on which local police, municipality and other local institutions should work on to reduce or solve.

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3. Project purpose and outcome (in two sentences)

- To work on top local law violations (or problems) based on citizens identification and prioritization.
- Gathering and involving all responsible and resourceful stakeholders.

4. Project submitter (Member State), project leader(s) and project partner(s)

- Lithuania, Lithuanian Police and partners which are municipalities and other institutions.

5. Links to the project's website or online reports/publications (preferably in English)

N/A

6. Short summary of the project (**max. 100 words**)

Organization of situation prevention in county chief police stations the description determines the situation on the basis of an analysis of the situation in a certain area identified in a certain territory planning and implementing preventive measures aimed at solving problems in the counties in the areas supervised by the police stations of the chief police stations and carried out and an assessment of the effectiveness of the measures taken. The cycle of organization of situation prevention is one year, it consists of:

- administrative offenses and criminal offences and analysis of data on reports of violations of the law;
- Identifying the problems to be solved in relation to the formation of a safe environment in cooperation with the community and social partners;
- the preparation of a plan for the implementation of measures for the prevention of situations;
- the implementation of the measures provided for in the plan;
- acquired evaluation of the effectiveness of the measures implemented.

In order to identify with the community and social partners the problems to be solved related to the formation of a safe environment, Focus group surveys must be organized, to which representatives of non-governmental, business organizations, municipal administration and institutions representing the community, elders, elders and other active members of the community are invited. One Focus group must consist of no more than 10 persons.

Relevance of problems identified by focus groups to the community, ranking of problems is carried out interviewing residents of the supervised area. The officer organizes a survey of residents of the supervised territory. The population survey is carried out by filling out questionnaires. They are usually presented in the questionnaires occurring legal violations (identified by police analytics) and problems identified by Focus groups, they are added to the list random order. It is recommended to submit the questionnaire in a matter-of-fact style, presenting the circumstances short and simple, the questionnaire creates one field for free text comments.

Minimum positions (of legal violations and Focus problems) to be included in the Plan according to the population survey data the number of violations depends on the number of inhabitants in the supervised area. Included in the Plan. The number of offences and problems may be increased according to the specific territorial situation of the unit, but may not be chosen less or other proportions than those indicated.

7. Project description

8. Project objectives

To prepare and implement Plans according to the specific needs of the territory
To reduce violations and solve the problems

9. Project outcome

Each territorial police unit works on most important violations and problems identified by citizens and seeks to involve all necessary partners and institutions.

10. Start and end project, timescales and key milestone dates

We started this initiative in 2022, Plans are made for one year.

11. Funding (total budget and type of funding (e.g. ISEC, EUCPN Fund,...))

12. Evaluation

The assessment of the effectiveness of the plan's measures is carried out as set out in the Description Terms. At the time of the assessment of the effectiveness of the measures in the plan:

- determine whether all known rights have been considered and proposed in the preparation of the Plan

appropriate measures for the prevention of situations to affect the lesion;

- a change in the violations of the law included in the Plan is observed.

If the change in the violations of the law included in the Plan was not achieved, the measures taken were inefficient, the number of violations of the law has not decreased, remained the same or increased, these are:

- the measures taken shall be adjusted;
- other measures to be taken to prevent situations are selected, which included in the preparation of the plan for the following year.

If the competence of the police is not sufficient to affect the violation of the law included in the Plan, and (or) there is no change during the year, but the problem remains relevant, measures are planned and others years, but the obligatory consideration (sought) of measures for the harm caused by violations of the law reduce.

13. Contact details project

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