

## TEMPLATE POLICY PAGE

<b>Category</b>	<b>Cybercrime</b>
<b>Country</b>	<b>Hungary</b>
<b>Year</b>	<b>2016</b>

<b>Main policy page</b>	<p>With regard to cybersecurity and cybercrime the Hungarian Government adopted two strategic documents in 2012 and in 2013:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Government Decision No. 1035/2012 on <b>Hungary's National Security Strategy</b>;</li> <li>- Government Decision No. 1139/2013 on the <b>National Cyber Security Strategy</b> of Hungary.</li> </ul> <p>Both documents were elaborated bearing in mind the international examples and the importance of international involvement as well as the trends and challenges, so they provide a suitable strategic framework for domestic cooperation and coordination as well as for international cooperation (primarily within the framework of UN, NATO, EU, Council of Europe). These strategic documents dedicate an important role to the issue of cyber security, and they treat the action against cybercrime focusing on the tasks of guaranteeing secure online environment.</p> <p>Hungary signed the Council of Europe Convention on Cybercrime on 23 November, 2001 and ratified it on 4 December, 2003. The Convention entered into force and is to be applied from 1 July, 2004.</p> <p>Government Decree No. 484/2013. (XII. 17.) defines the rules of the establishment and operation of the <i>National Cyber Security Coordination Council</i>, the <i>Cyber Security Forum</i> and the <i>sectoral cyber security working groups</i>, and their related competence and responsibilities.</p>
<b>Relevant legislation:</b>	<p>The applicable rules are set out by relevant sectoral legislation, such as Act C of 2012 on <b>Criminal Code</b> or Act XIX of 1998 on <b>Criminal Procedure Act</b>.</p> <p>There are a number of other judiciary instructions relevant for the application of the cybercrime specific legislation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Act XXXVIII of 1996 on the international legal assistance in criminal matters</li> <li>- Act CLXXX of 2012 on criminal cooperation in criminal matters between the Member States of the European Union</li> </ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Act LIV of 1999 on cooperation and information exchange with the EU law enforcement information exchange systems and with the Interpol and regulation on International Law Enforcement Cooperation Centre</li> <li>- Act XXXIV of 1994 on Police</li> <li>- Act XXXI of 1997 on protection of children and administration of guardianship</li> <li>- Act CXC of 2011 on National Public Education</li> <li>- Gov Decision 1744 of 2013 on National Crime Prevention Strategy for the period 2013-2023</li> <li>- Act CVIII of 2001 on Certain Issues of Electronic Commerce Services and Information Society Services (E-Commerce Act)</li> <li>- Act L of 2013 on the Electronic Information Security of Central and Local Government Agencies</li> <li>- NMHH Decree No. 19/2013. (X. 29.) on the regulations for the providers of electronic communications services and providers of browsing and caching services in terms of connecting to the central database of rulings on disabling access to electronic information and for their electronic communication with the National Media and Infocommunications Authority (NMHH Decree No. 19/2013.)</li> <li>- OIT Regulations No. 8/2003. on the collection and processing of courts' statistical data (OIT Regulations No. 8/2003.)</li> <li>- Decree No. 12/2011. (III. 30.) of the Minister of Interior on the Unified System of Criminal Statistics of Investigating Authorities and of Public Prosecution (Decree No. 12/2011. of the Minister of Interior)</li> <li>- Government Decree No. 288/2009. (XII. 15.) on data collection and data reception within the National Statistical Data Collection Programme (Government Decree No. 288/2009.)</li> <li>- Act C of 2003 on Electronic Communications</li> <li>- Government Decree No. 90/2010. (III. 26.) on the roles of the National Security Authority and the handling of classified information</li> <li>- Government Decree No. 161/2010. (V. 6.) on the detailed rules of the electronic security of classified information, and on the authorisation and official supervision of cryptographic operations</li> </ul>
<b>Trends:</b>	The most considerable damage is caused by crimes against intellectual property rights and cybercrimes relating to the financial sphere. Other typical crimes are 'Breach of Information System or Data' and 'Information System Fraud'.

<b>Contacts (National)</b>	Ministry of Interior – <a href="http://www.kormany.hu/en/ministry-of-interior">http://www.kormany.hu/en/ministry-of-interior</a>
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Ministry of Justice –

<http://www.kormany.hu/en/ministry-of-justice>

National Cyber Security Center – <http://nbsz.hu/?mid=42>

National Police – <http://www.police.hu/>

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